

# **Typifying the city with pan-European open data**

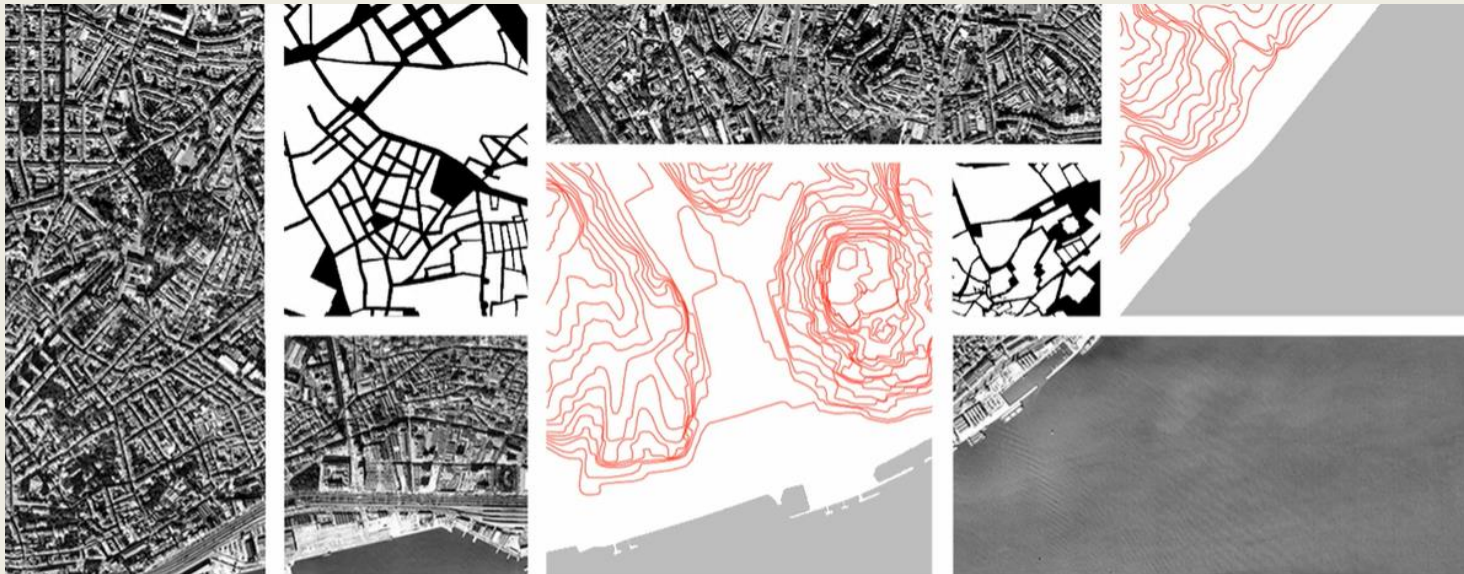
A geospatial workflow for identifying modular urban form types as a planning-support tool

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## Urban form types

- We will focus on exploring the typologies of three elemental components of urban form (*Smailes, 1953; Lozano, 1990; Cowan, 2005*): **1/ built density**, **2/ network centrality** and **3/ functional mixture**



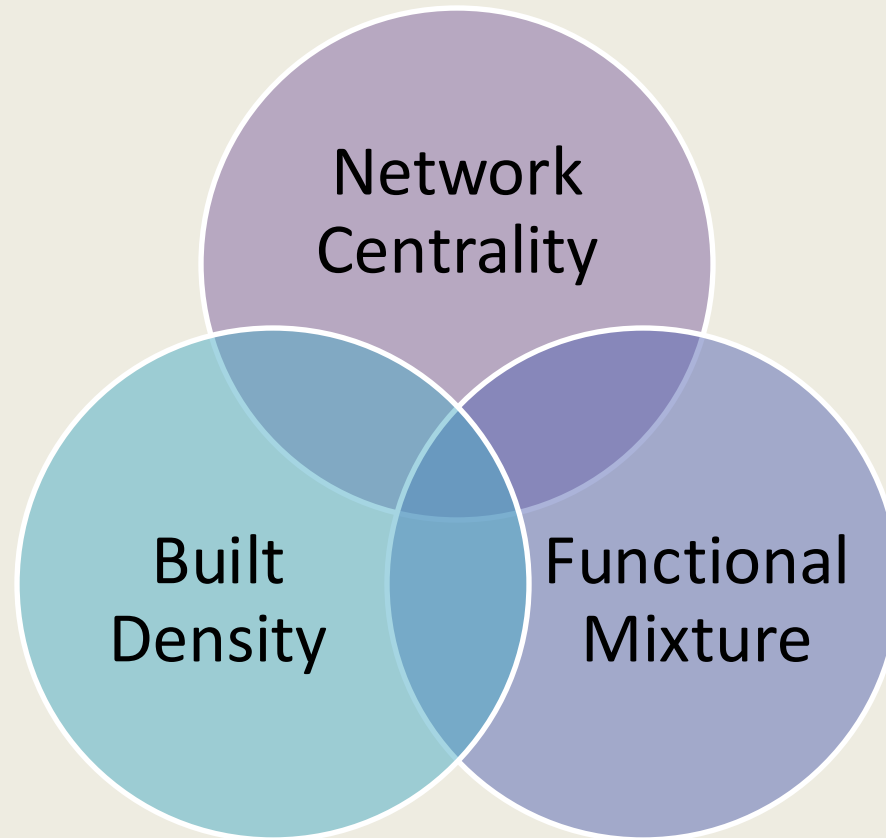
**Source:** <http://formaurbislab.fa.ulisboa.pt/indexEN.html>

- These three elemental components have been **used extensively in relevant research exploring urban form types**: *Berghauer Pont, et al., 2019a; Berghauer Pont, et al., 2019b; Bobkova, et al., 2019; Ye, et al., 2017*)

## Spatio-functional urban types:

Addressing Form + Function,

through an open-data geospatial methodological framework

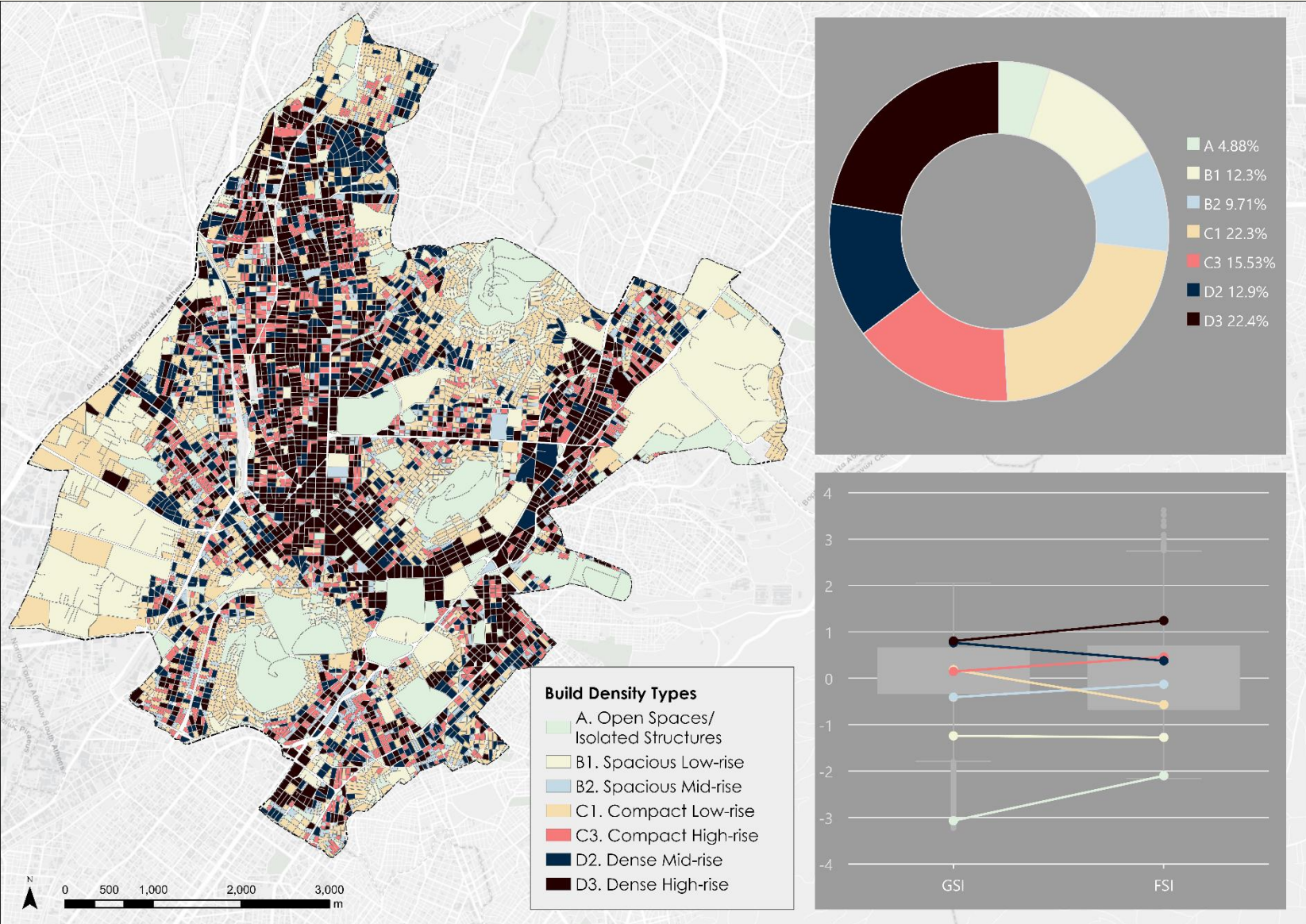


# Conceptual and Technical Framework (1<sup>st</sup> Iteration)

Analytical Pillar	Analytical Component	Morphological Definitions	Spatial Unit	Data Source   Dataset
Built Density	<b>Ground Space Index (GSI)</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Spacious,</li> <li>• Compact,</li> <li>• Dense</li> </ul>	Urban Block	Urban Atlas   Building Height
	<b>Floor Space Index (FSI)</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Low-rise,</li> <li>• Mid-rise,</li> <li>• High-rise</li> </ul>		
Network Centrality	<b>Angular Choice 250m-10km</b> <i>Low, Medium, High radii</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Background</li> <li>• Local</li> <li>• Neighborhood</li> <li>• City</li> </ul>	Street segment	OpenStreetMap   roads
Functional Mixture	<b>Population Density</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Sparsely populated residential blocks</li> <li>• Active Residential blocks</li> <li>• Residential activity nodes</li> <li>• Non-Residential activity nodes</li> </ul>	Urban Block	Urban Atlas   Population estimates by Urban Atlas polygon  OpenStreetMap   Points of Interest (pois)  OpenStreetMap   Places of Worship (pofw)
	<b>Functional Density</b>			
	<b>Functional Diversity</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• multi-dimensional;</li> <li>• uni-dimensional</li> </ul>		
	<b>Density of Public Open Spaces</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• with public open spaces;</li> <li>• without public open spaces</li> </ul>		

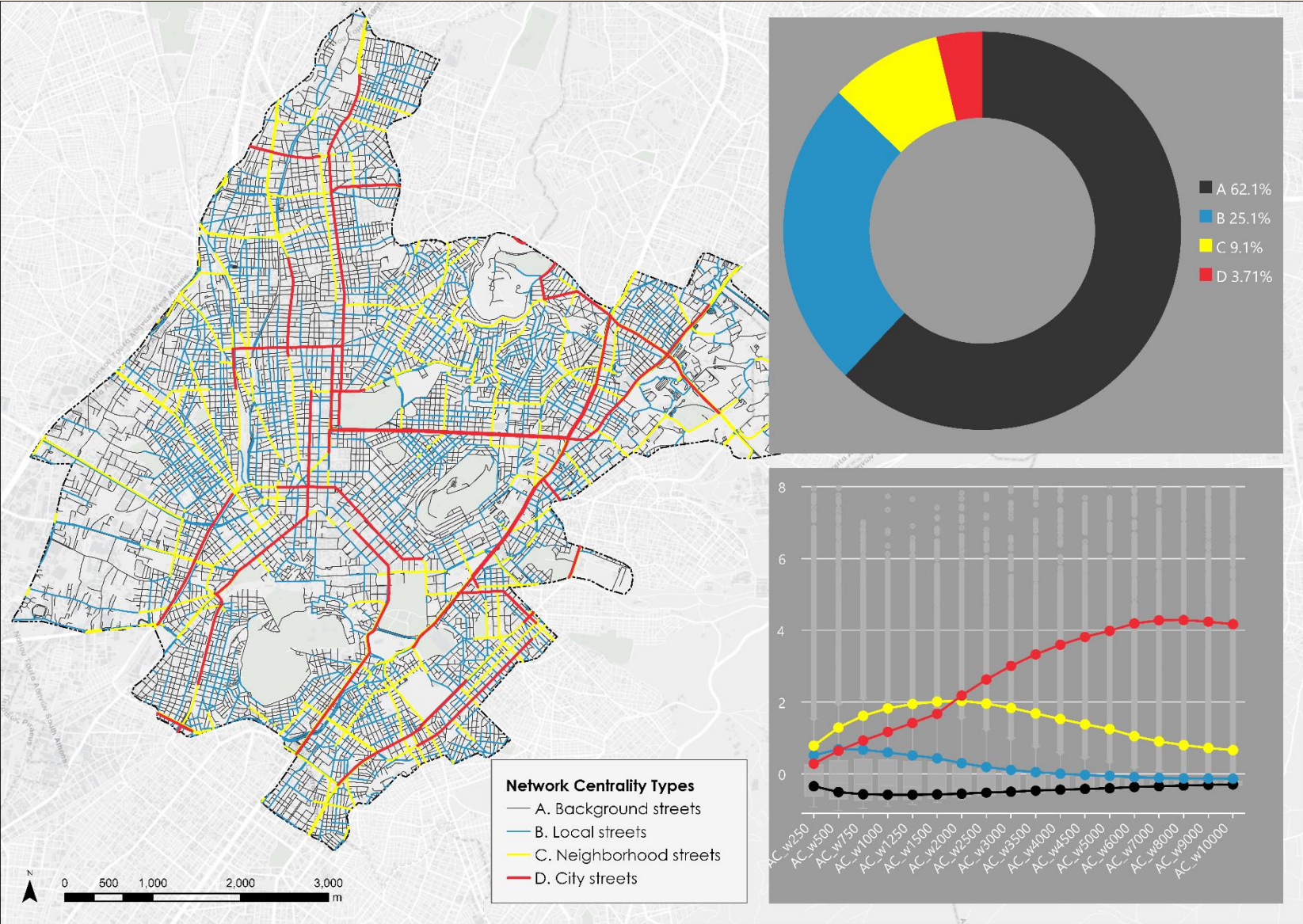


# Athens's types of built density – Key Results (1<sup>st</sup> Iteration)



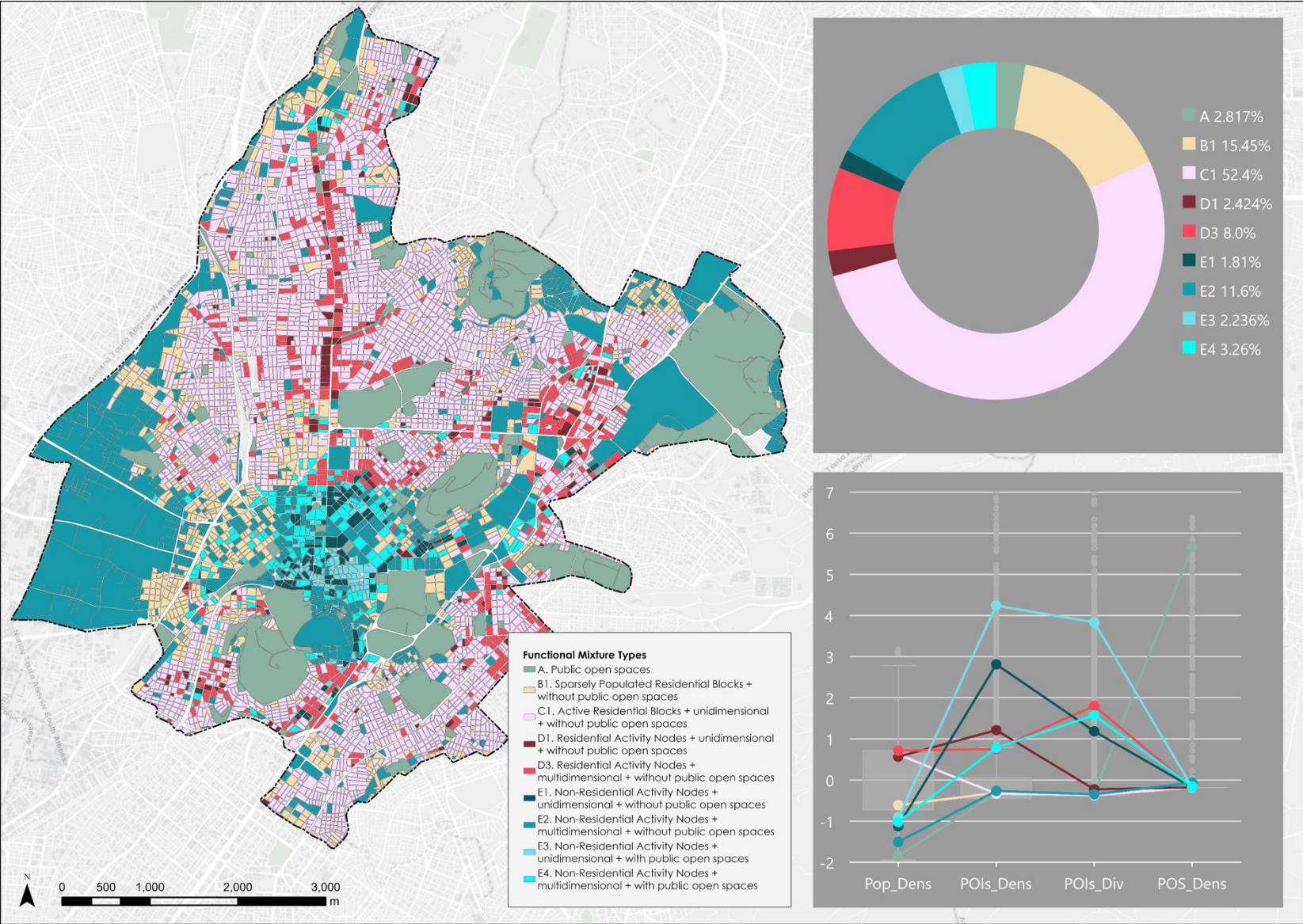


# Athens's types of network centrality – Key Results (1<sup>st</sup> Iteration)



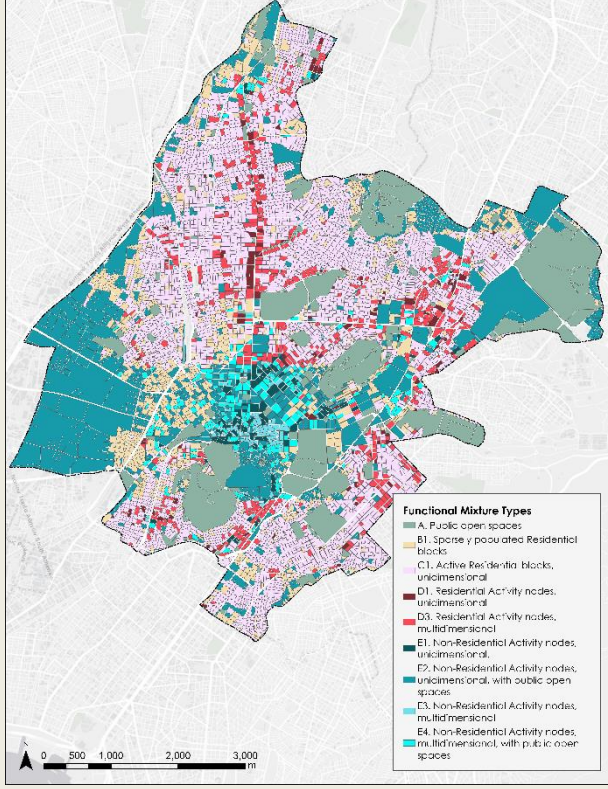
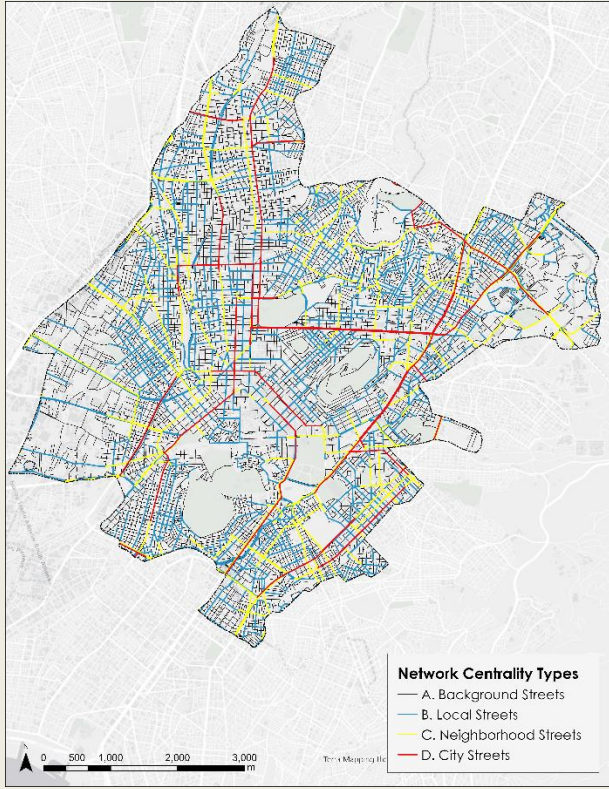
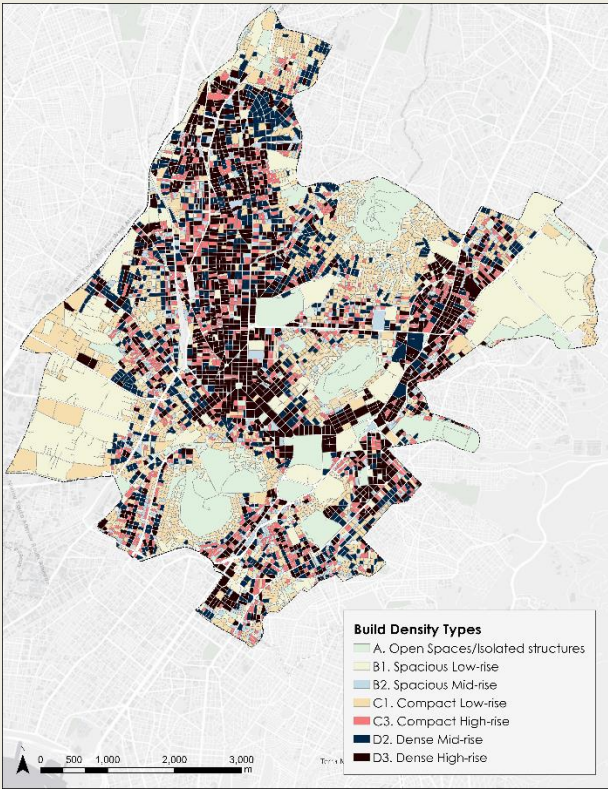


# Athens's types of functional mixture – Key Results (1<sup>st</sup> Iteration)





# Urban form types and some open-ended questions



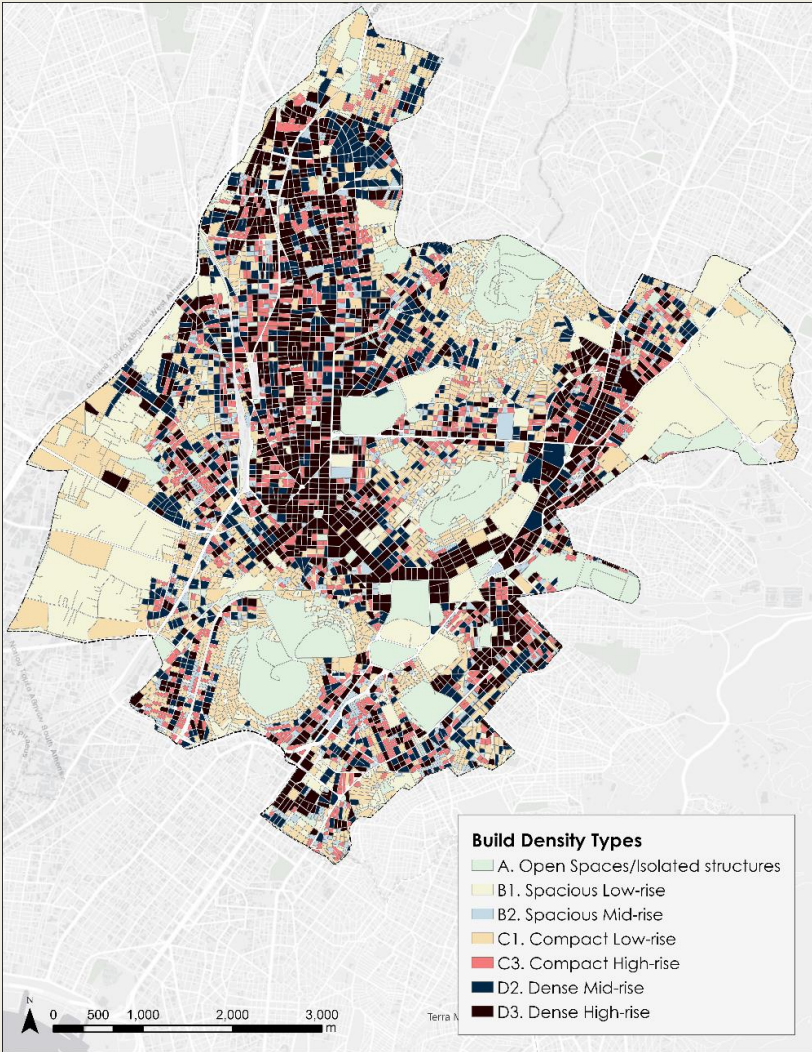
**Patterns of build density**  
 Proxy for socio-cultural patterns and processes for production of space?

**Patterns of network centrality**  
 Proxy for urban mobility, quantifying human mobility with different modes ?

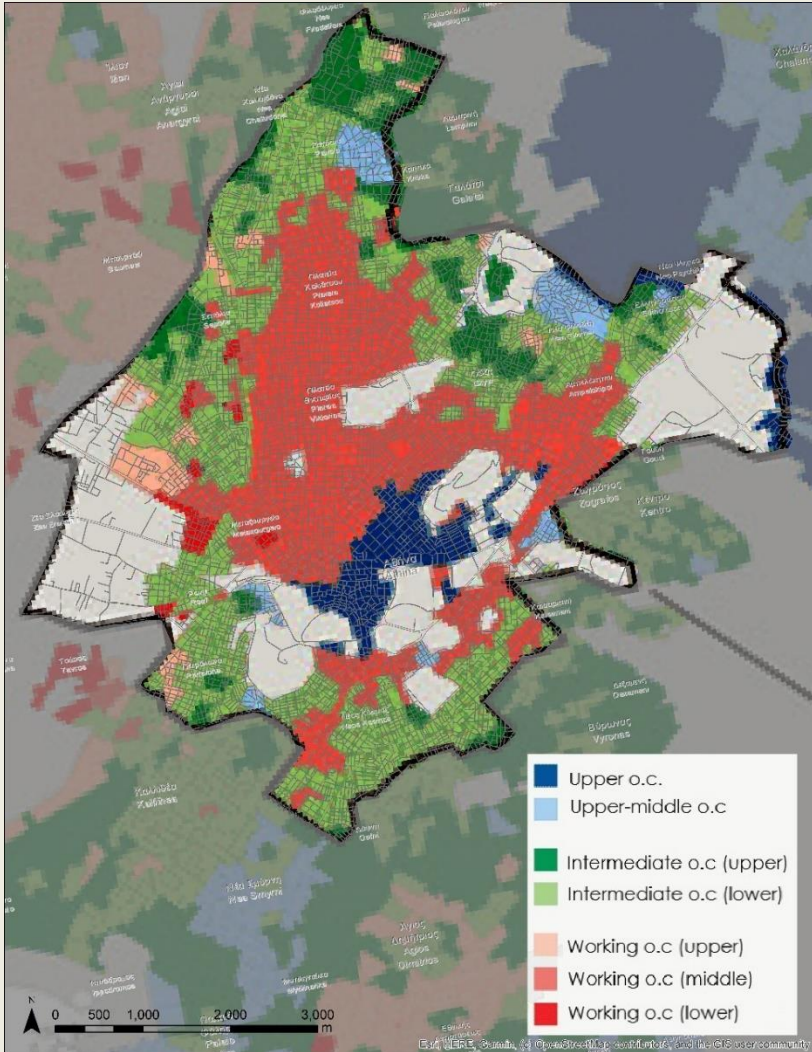
**Patterns of functional mix**  
 Proxy for urban activity and human practices in the urban space ?



# Urban form and Social form types



Build density typology



Social typology of residential areas (Maloutas & Spyrellis, 2019)

## Next Steps (?)

*This is the first implementation of our open-data methodology for identifying urban types, and further research is definitely needed. Such as:*

- **Rethinking the analytical components:** e.g. Network centrality for Motorized and Non-motorized network → For active and passive mobility
- **A more robust clustering workflow** including more sophisticated clustering methods, and use of geoAI approaches
- Implementation and assessment of the developed methodology for **other European cities.**
- Produce a **modular palette / library of planning practices** connected to the urban form types and test it as an **integrated urbanism-mobility** planning support tool for **strategic connectivity-proximity planning**
- Produce a **modular spatial language** for facilitating the dialogue for the between built environment experts and non-expert stakeholders in the participatory planning context
- Address **urban form types in relation to socio-economical and or socio-cultural typologies.**





**Thank you!**